

User's manual

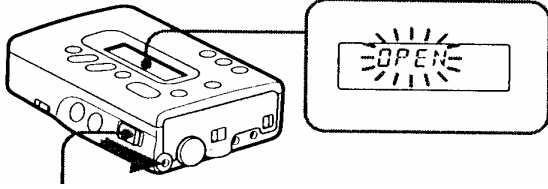
D-2/8



Operating instructions tape deck

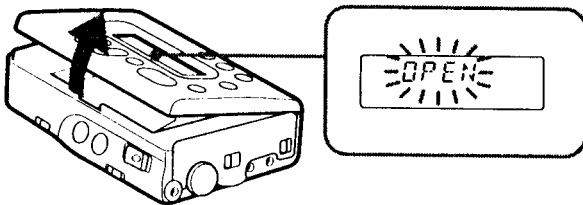
Inserting a Cassette

- 1 Press and hold down the small button and slide the HOLD/PUSH OPEN-switch to the OPEN position.

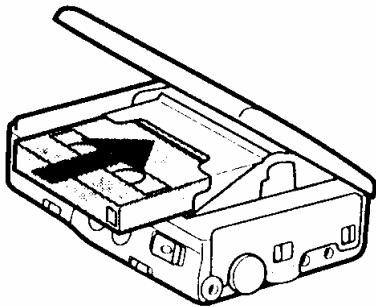


HOLD/PUSH OPEN-switch
While pressing

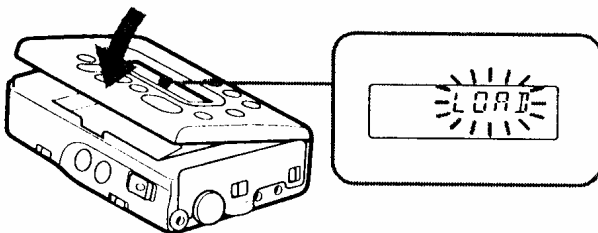
- 2 Open the cassette compartment door.



- 3 Insert a cassette with the window facing upward.



- 4 Close the cassette compartment door.



The cassette will be loaded automatically.

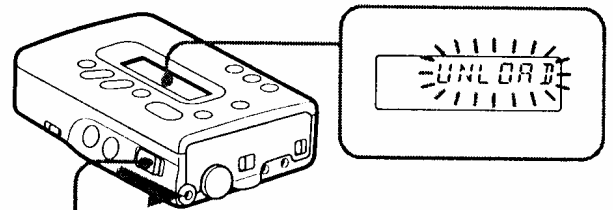
Notes

When disconnecting the unit from the power source, make sure the cassette compartment door is closed. Otherwise, you may not be able to close it afterward. If this happens, re-connect the power source.

When inserting a cassette, make sure that the side with which the tape is visible inside is facing upward. If you insert the cassette upside down, you may not be able to take the cassette out.

To eject the cassette

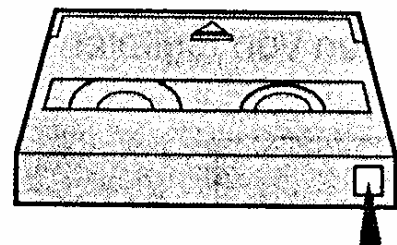
While the unit is in the stop mode, press and hold down the small button and slide the HOLD/PUSH OPEN-switch to the OPEN position.



HOLD/PUSH OPEN
While pressing

Record-protect shutter

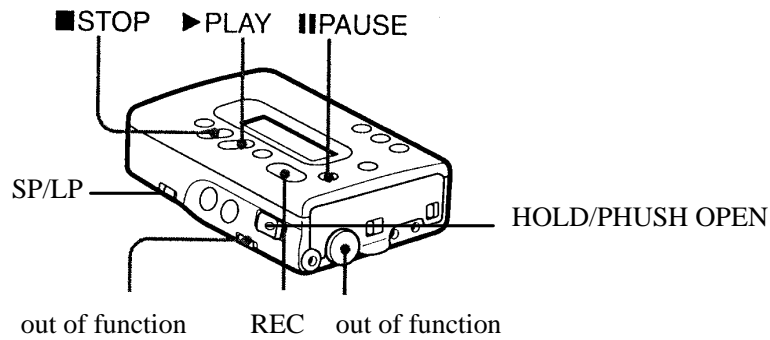
Slide the record-protect shutter to the left to protect a recorded tape from being accidentally erased by recording on the tape for the second time.



If the shutter is open, you cannot record on the tape

If the shutter is closed, you can record on the tape

To Record



1 Insert a DAT cassette

2 Press the REC button and the PAUSE-button.

The unit enters the pause mode.

3 Press either the ► PLAY-or the PAUSE-button.

The recording starts.

Notes

The recording cannot be started by just pressing the REC button, instead, the unit enters the recording monitor mode. The unit can enter the recording monitor mode whether the record-protect shutter of the cassette is open or not. Recording is possible only when the shutter is closed.

To stop recording

Press the ■ STOP-button.

To pause recording momentarily

Press the PAUSE-button.

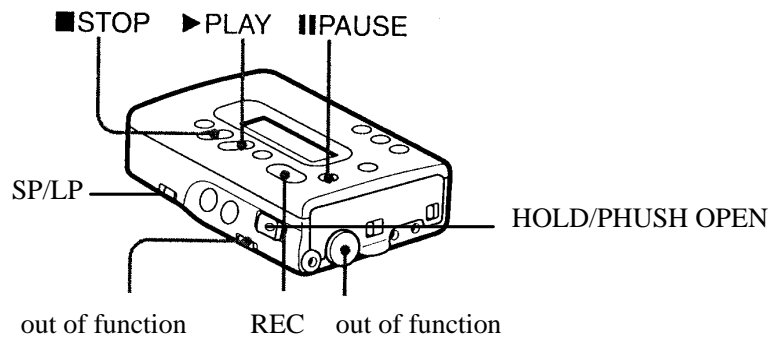
To cancel the pause mode

Press the PAUSE-button again or press the ► PLAY-button.

Notes

If the unit is left in the pause mode for more than five minutes, the unit will automatically enter the stop mode in order to protect its head and the tape.

Notes on Recording



Do not leave any unrecorded parts on a DAT tape.

If there is a blank (unrecorded) part left on a DAT tape, the absolute time* will not be written thereafter. Also, when the tape is being fast-forwarded or rewind, it will stop at that point. In order not to leave any unrecorded parts on a tape while recording, observe the following:

- If you intend to continue to record on a tape which is partially recorded, make sure that you find the end of the previous recording first, then the start the new recording from that point without leaving any unrecorded gap. (If you fast-forward the tape, it should automatically stop where the previous recording has ended.)

*The absolute time indicates the elapsed time from the beginning of the tape and the current position of the tape which is written digitally. The absolute time will be automatically written when you record a DAT tape for the very first time and cannot be erased once written.

When you record to the end of a DAT tape

The tape automatically rewinds to the beginning and will stop there. (Auto-rewind function)

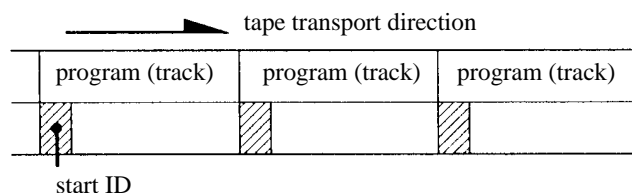
To avoid any accidental operation (Hold function)

Slide this switch to the HOLD position to avoid any accidental operation while the unit is set in a particular operational mode.

(In the HOLD Position are all switch lock!)

Start ID

This signal indicates the beginning of a recorded program (track). By reading these start ID signals, the unit can cue the beginnings of the recorded programs (tracks) automatically.



To write the start IDs automatically while recording

This start codes are set by each new recording, also by using the "Pause button" by recording.

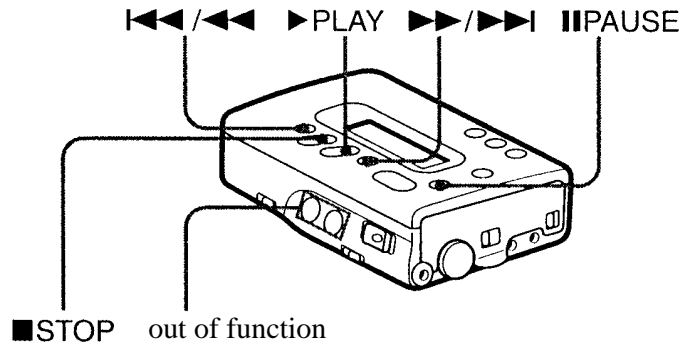
To write the start IDs manually while recording

While recording, press the REC button at the point where you wish to write the start ID.

Note

While writing the start IDs, the *WRITE* indication comes on and the *START-ID* - indicator flashes for about nine seconds (18 seconds if the unit is in the LP mode). While the unit is set in this mode, no operational buttons other than the ■ STOP button will function.

Playback



1 Insert a DAT cassette

2 Press the > PLAY-button.

Playback starts. The SP mode or the LP mode will be detected automatically, therefore, you do not have to adjust the SP/LP switch.

To stop playback

Press the ■ STOP-button.

To pause playback momentarily

Press the II PAUSE-button.

To cancel the mode, press either the II PAUSE-button or the > PLAY-button.

Notes

If the unit is left in the pause mode for more than five minutes, the unit will automatically enter the stop mode in order to protect its head and the tape.

To fast forward the tape

Press the >>>/>>> button when the unit is in the stop mode.

To rewind the tape

Press the I<<</><< - button when the unit is in the stop mode.

When a tape is played back to the end

The tape will be rewound to the beginning automatically and the unit enters the stop mode. (Auto-rewind function)

Cleaning the Head

Prolonged operation may cause contamination of the head. To make the best possible recording and playback, we recommend you to clean the head periodically, using the cleaning cassette DT-1OCL (not supplied)*.

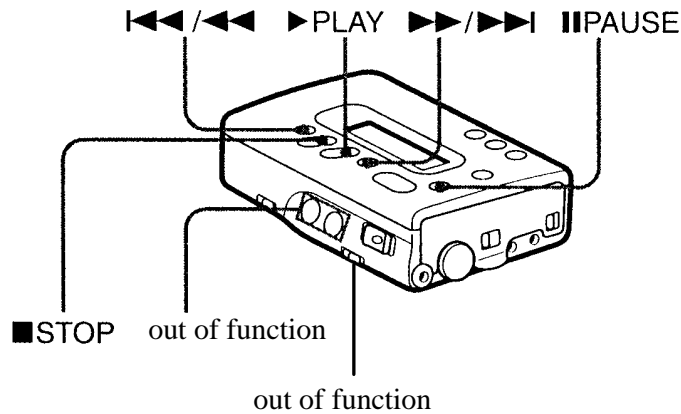
How to use the cleaning cassette

- 1 Insert the cleaning cassette as you would a normal DAT cassette.
- 2 Press the > PLAY button, then press the 3 STOP button after about 10 seconds.
- 3 Remove the cleaning cassette without rewinding it.
- 4 Proceed with recording and playback with a normal DAT cassette and check the sound quality.

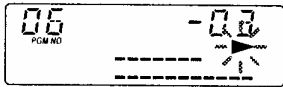
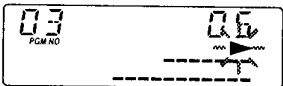
Notes on the cleaning cassette

- The cleaning cassette cannot be used for recording or playback.
- Do not clean the head with the cleaning cassette more than five times in succession. Cleaning the head continuously for a long period of time may cause wear to the head.
- Do not rewind the cleaning cassette each time you use it. When the cleaning cassette tape is taken up (wound) completely, rewind it to the beginning and reuse it. The cleaning cassette can be used approximately 200 times, with 10 seconds of cleaning each time.

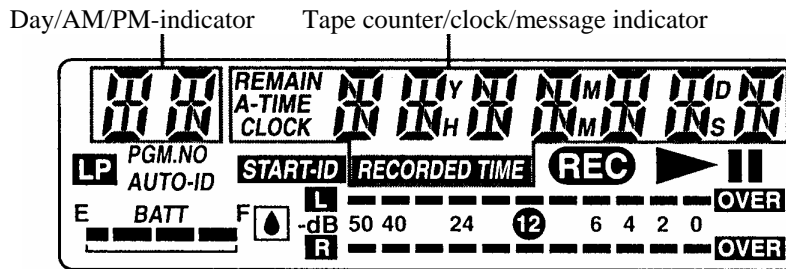
Locating the beginning of a program (track)



Press either $\ggg>I$ or $I<<<$ button quickly once during playback. If the unit is in the fast forward/rewind mode, press either the $\ggg>I$ or $I<<<$ button once. Or if the unit is in the stop mode, press either the $\ggg>I$ or $I<<<$ button twice.

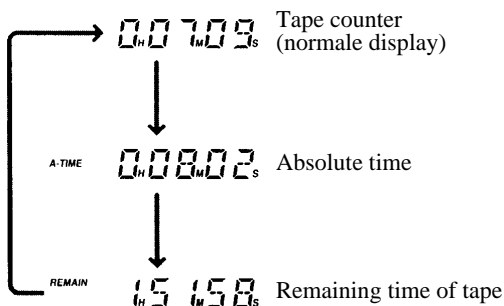
To locate the beginning of the succeeding program (track)	Press $\ggg>I$ the same number of times as the programs (tracks) to be skipped.	 <p>E.g. to locate the beginning of the fifth program (track)</p>
To locate the beginning of the previous program (track)	Press $\ggg>I$ the same number of times as the programs (tracks) (including the currently played one) to be skipped.	 <p>E. g. to locate the beginning of the fourth program (track) including the currently played one</p>

Display



● The tape counter indications

Each time you press the COUNTER button, the display changes cyclically as follows:



To reset the tape counter (normal display) to 00H00M00s

Press the RESET button.

Remaining time of the tape

The remaining time left on the tape will normally come on after about 16 seconds of commencing playback in the SP mode.

However, there may be some aberration in the amount of time displayed which depends upon the tape you use.

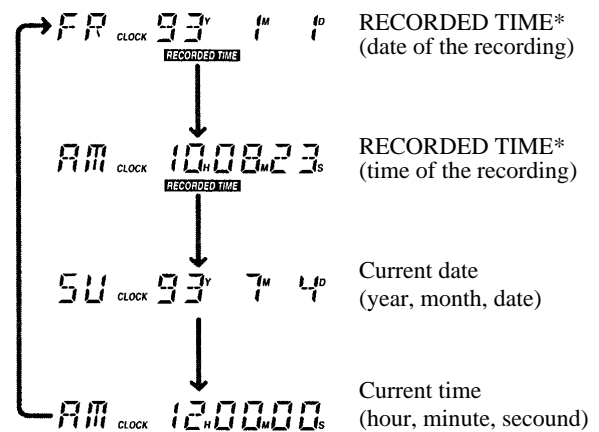
Note

The tape counter should not be used as a clock

What is being displayed on the counter is not completely accurate in terms of displaying the actual time. Therefore, do not use the tape counter as a clock.

● Clock display

Each time you press the CLOCK button, the display changes cyclically as follows:

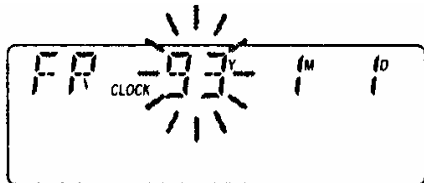


*The RECORDED TIME will not be displayed while the unit is in the recording, recording monitor, or pause mode.

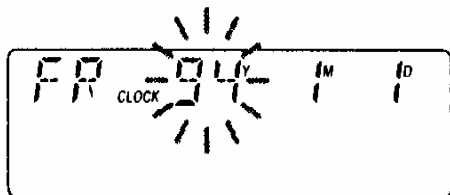
Setting the Clock

The unit automatically registers the date of recording (year/month/date/day/hour/minute/second) at the time of recording. The date of recording can be then displayed on the display window while the unit is playing back, fast forwarding/rewinding or cueing/reviewing a tape (Date function). It is essential to set the clock before any recordings are made. Otherwise, the date function will not work properly and the correct date and time of a recording will not be registered on the tape.

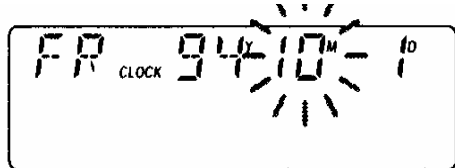
- 1 Press the CLOCK/SET button for more than four seconds.



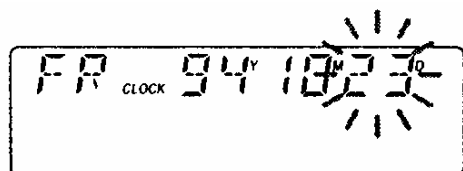
- 2 Press the COUNTER/- and RESET/+ buttons to set the year digits, then press the CLOCK/SET button.



- 3 Press the COUNTER/- and RESET/+ buttons to set the month digits, then press CLOCK/SET-button.

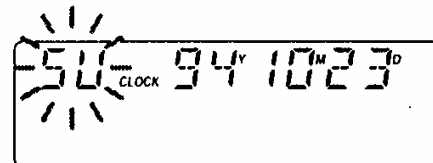
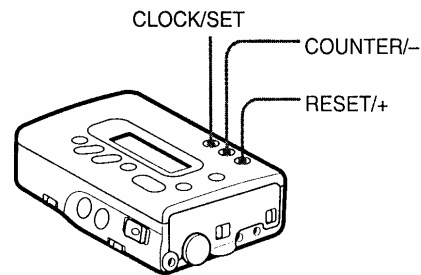


- 4 Press the COUNTER/- and RESET/+ buttons to set the date digits, then press the CLOCK/SET button.



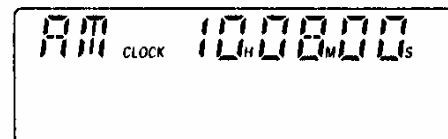
- 5 Press the COUNTER/- and RESET/+ buttons to set the day, then press the CLOCK/SET button.

Proceed with the following steps while the unit is in the stop mode.



- 6 Repeat steps 2 to 4 to set the correct current time (hour/minute/second).

The second digits change to "00" when the COUNTER/- or RESET/+ button is pressed and the clock starts activating when the CLOCK/SET button is pressed. Therefore, synchronize the clock by pressing either - or + button with the radio time-signal etc.



The flashing will stop and the clock will start activating..

To cancel the procedure

Press the ■ STOP button. The clock display will return to the previous time display.

However, if you have proceeded to step 6, the year, month, day and date will be set.

12/24 hour display

To select either the 12-hour or the 24hour clock display. Press the RESET button for more than two seconds.

Precautions

On Safety

Should any solid object or liquid fall into the unit, unplug the unit and have it checked by qualified personnel before operating it any further.

On Installation

Do not install the unit in a location near heat sources such as radiators or air ducts, or in a place subject to direct sunlight and excessive dust.

On Moisture Condensation

If the unit is brought directly from a cold to a warm location, moisture may condense inside the unit. In such a condition, the tape may adhere to the head drum and can be damaged, or the unit may not operate properly (the ●-indicator has come on). Always remove the DAT cassette from the unit when the unit is not to be used for an extended period of time.

If moisture is present

Operating buttons and controls may not function properly.
The unit may shut off.

Operating instructions D-2/8

- 1) **Power on:** Turn the Channel mux. switch to the right with a screwdriver to select mux mode and bandwidth. The power is switched on, but the D2/8 needs about 5-6 seconds to get ready.
Attention: In REC-mode, the MUX-mode position and the data will be recorded. In PLAY-mode the muxmode is read from the tape.
- 2) **Record:** Check the write-protection at the cassette, press and hold down the small button and slide the HOLD/PUSH OPEN, insert the cassette with the window facing upward and close the cassette compartment door. The cassette will be loaded automatically, see "Inserting the cassette".
Press "REC", and the D2/8 is in a waiting status, (it still doesn't record). In this mode the system is working as if you are recording, except that the tape doesn't move. It enables you to use the system as a normal signal conditioning unit as front-end to the PC .
Attention: Analog input is on the rear side and the output on the front.
Important note for Calibration test when using the analogue output:
The calibration data must be recorded, then read in Play mode. (In Rec. mode the output filter is not active)
 - 2.1) The overload diodes indicate which channel input level exceed +/- 5V. With a pin switch you can reset the display.
 - 2.2) Instead of the BNC input/output, you can use the 9 pole Cannon input/output connector.
 - 2.3) The second time you press "Pause", the pause mode stops and the tape moves again, (rec + play status). Simultaneously the startcode is recorded.
Attention: It takes about 9 seconds to record the startcode, simultaneously together with the data, (you see "START ID" blinking on the display). During this time you must not stop the tape, because the startcode won't be completely recorded and you may not find it later on.
 - 2.4) At each REC START a new startcode will be recorded. Further startcodes can be set during recording by pressing "REC".
 - 2.5) Ascending startcode are only possible if you start recording from the beginning of the tape. In this case the startcodes will be counted, stored as a PGM-number and displayed in the PGM-window.
Attention: Don't forget to secure the tape after recording, (with the switch).
 - 2.6) Parallel to the analog signals, it's possible, via PCM-input, to record and reproduce static signals or pulses, 0-20 kHz, (TTL-Level).
 - 2.7) By using the handy microphone, with built in loudspeaker, it's possible to make comments to the recording. To record, just press the switch on the microphone. The reproduction is automatically.
 - 2.8) For external microphone systems we can deliver a galvanic isolated input as an option.
 - 2.9) With these possibilities, including recorded date and time, it's possible to reproduce all default parameters, also after some years.
- 3) **Play:** Insert the cassette and press "PLAY". All recorded data are available at the corresponding connector output. Input overload won't be displayed. Recorded digital pulses via PCM output, 0-20kHz can be reproduced with a rest jitter of 10 μ s. (The samplingrate of the PCM- or the digital input is 96 kHz.)
- 4) **Remote control:** The remote control is together with the power supply connected via the PWR connector (see connectionplan). The recording can be started in two different ways.
 - 4.1) Connect a positive potential to pin B of connector PWR,(see plan). This potential must be between +3V and +30V The recording continues as long as this potential remains, (at least 15 sec. to make sure that the whole startcode is recorded).
Attention: Before inserting the cassette, make sure that no write protection is done. The message TAPE PROTECT will appear on the display but not via the remote control.

- 4.2) Event: There can be connected two different eventdetectors, in OR-mode, (pin 1 or 3 of the PWR-connector). These potentials must be between + 3V and +30V, with a duration of at least 3 sec. In this case a recording of at least one minute will be started, but maximum one minute more than the event potential duration.
- 4.3) Attention: This remote control can only start and stop in write mode. The DAT-recorder must be in REC+PLAY-mode, if not, the remote control signals will be ignored.
- 5) **Date and time:** How to set it, pls. see "Setting the clock" . One built in Lithium battery supplies the date and time after the power is switched off. It has a life time of about one year. To replace it, just open the battery compartment door, (unscrew the two imbus-screws). Remove with an iron the ++ and -- wires and connect it with the new battery, the red wire is ++, the blue wire is --. Don't change.
- 6) **Common hints:**
 - 6.1) The D2/8 needs a DC-powersupply with 10-30V. The PWR-connector M&H + and E&D-. There is no groundprotection. When you connect a power supply unit, pls. follow the common safety instructions.
 - 6.2) The total samplingrate is fixed at 96 kHz. All channels are filtered and simultaneously sampled. The sample rate per channel is depending on the muxmode. Just devide 96 kHz by the number of channels and you get the sample rate per channel. The filters will automatically be switched to the max. cut off frequency in record- as in replay-mode.
The resolution is 12 bit , it means at a amplitude of +/- 5V=10V your LSB is 2,5 mV, (4096 steps).
 - 6.3) The drive processor recognises cassettes with a max. runtime of 2 hours (tape length of 60 m). Attention : Cassettes with a length of 90 m. (3 hours runtime) can be used but sometimes the displayed remaining time will not be correctly recognised from the processor.
- 7) **Other matters:**

We recommend : Use only high quality cassettes and clean the head periodically, using the cleaning cassette DT-10CL (not supplied). If you get any errors, the most common reason is a bad tape or a dirty head. Sometimes it's enough, just to cut the power for a second.
- 8) For further operating instructions and details: Pls. see following pages.

9) **Remote Control Box with bargraph display, audio record and replay.**

9.1 **Connection:** Connect the 9 pole cable at the audio connector of the DAT-recorder.

9.2 **Record:** Keep the Record button pressed and press the Play button. Check that the Rec.- and Play LED's getting active.

At the bargraph display all active channels will be displayed. An overload ($>\pm 5V$), will be indicated by one flashing sign or more. It keeps on flashing above or below the corresponding channel until the Stop or OVL/Reset button is pressed.

When record is activated by an EVENT, (see section 4.2) the Rec.- and the Event-LED's are lightning up.

9.3 **Play:** Just press the Play button. Above described functions (see section 9.2) are still valid.

9.4 **Audio:** By pressing the Voice/Record button, at the side of the remote control, during „Record-Mode“, the speech channel will be recorded together with the data. Replay is automatically done in „Play mode“



10) Technical Data

10.1 Tape deck

Tape	DAT-tape width 3,81 mm
Track width	ca. 13,6 μ m
Tape speed	8,15 mm/s
Density	61kbit/inch
Bitrate	1,536 Mbit/s or 192 KByte/s
Storage capacity	1,38 GByte for 2 hours recording 2,07 GByte for 3 hours recording

10.2 Analog inputs

Selection	2, 4, 8
Input range	± 5 V
Input impedance	100k Ω
Filter	Low pass, 8. order Butterworth, Cut off frequency 48 DB/octave
Resolution	12 Bit, simultan S+H for all channels
Common scanningrate	96 kHz

10.3 Analog Outputs

Selection	2, 4, 8
Output range	± 5 V
Output impedance	2 Ω , max. 10 mA
Filter	8. order , low pass Butterworth
Resolution	12 Bit, simultan S+H

10.4 Digital Input/Output PCM

Bitrate	0 ... 20 kHz
Remaining jitter	10 μ s
Level	TTL

10.5 Audio channel

Build in microphone and speaker	
Signal bandwidth	100 Hz ... 3000 Hz
<u>Optional</u>	galvanic isolated microphone inputs

10.6 Interface

serial	Data, wordclock, frameclock at IF 16 Interface card in the computer
--------	------------------------------------------------------------------------

10.7 Remote control

Level	3 ... 30V positive
-------	--------------------

10.8 System accuracy

$\pm 0,1\%$ at 0 Hz,
Difference of Phase delay for all channels at the same frequency better 0,5°

10.9 Error correction

Double encoded Reed Solomon Code, biterror rate better 10^{-10}

10.10 Anaolg Signalbandwidth - Scanningrate

	Signalbandwidth				Scanningrate			
Channel Mux	2 CH	4 CH	8 CH.		2 CH.	4 CH.	8 CH.	
	16 kHz	8 kHz	4 kHz		48 kHz	24 kHz	12 kHz	

10.11 Powering	
Input	10 ... 32 V DC ca. 8 Watt
Optional	AC 100 ... 240 V 50/60 Hz
10.12 Dimensions	150 x 85 x 90 mm without shock absorber
10.13 Weight	ca. 1,3 kg without shock absorber
10.14 Environmental	
Operating temperature	-5 °C to +45 °C
Storage temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C
Humidity	20 ... 80% no condensing
Vibration	5g Mil Standard 810C, Curve C
Shock	10g in all direction

Technical specifications subject to change without notice!

Battery replacement

Pin connection



Battery replacement:

Lithium battery TYPE *Sonnenschein SL340*

The battery is used for storage of the date and time during power off.

The life time of the battery is approximately 1 year.


With a completely discharged battery the date and time values will be lost when power is off.

Battery change is carried out by removing the two screws of the battery cover on the DAT recorder right side and insertion of a new battery,

Old battery connections have to be removed by using a soldering iron. (**WARNING !!! Do not exchange the red and blue wires!**). The red wire is to connect to the ++ connection and the blue to -- one when re-soldering the connections of the new battery.


Pin connection:

Analog In 1...8 9 pol. Cannon	
Pin	Signal
1	Channel 1
2	Channel 2
3	Channel 3
4	Channel 4
5	Channel 5
6	Channel 6
7	Channel 7
8	Channel 8
9	GND



A photograph of a 9-pin Cannon connector. The connector is a rectangular metal housing with two mounting screws on the sides. It features eight signal pins arranged in two rows of four, and a ninth pin (ground) at the bottom center. The text "In 1..8" is printed above the connector.

Analog Out 1...8 9 pol. Cannon	
Pin	Signal
1	Channel 1
2	Channel 2
3	Channel 3
4	Channel 4
5	Channel 5
6	Channel 6
7	Channel 7
8	Channel 8
9	GND



A photograph of a 9-pin Cannon connector, identical in design to the one above. It features eight signal pins and a ground pin. The text "Out 1..8" is printed above the connector.

PCM In/Out 9 pol. Cannon	
Pin	Signal
1	reserved
2	reserved
3	GND
4	reserved
5	reserved
6	PCM Out TTL
7	RXD
8	TXD
9	PCM In TTL



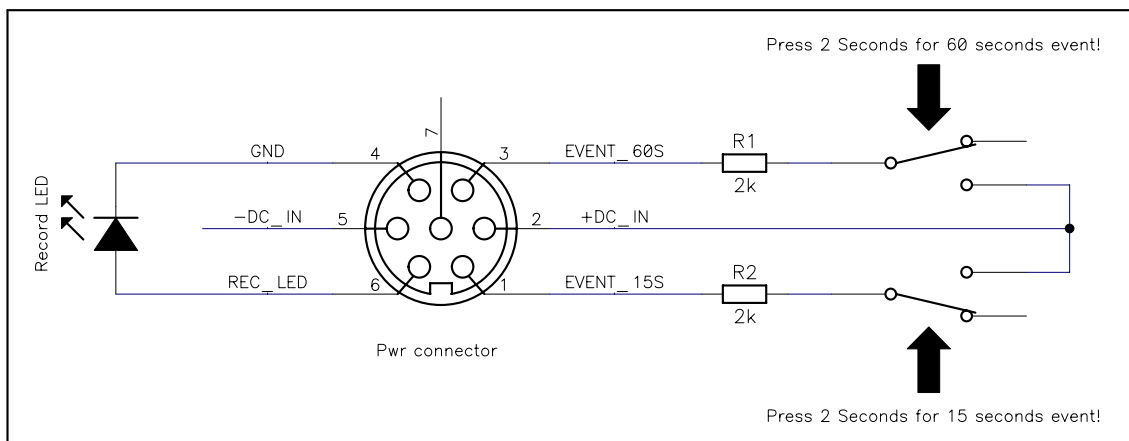
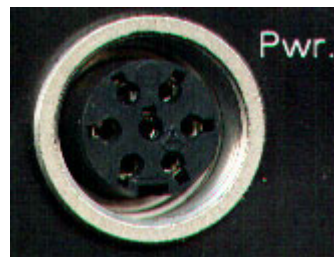
Audio / Remote control box 9 pol. Cannon	
Pin	Signal
1	RCB Clock
2	RCB Out
3	RCB In
4	Loudspeaker Out
5	Microphone In
6	reserved
7	reserved
8	+5V
9	GND

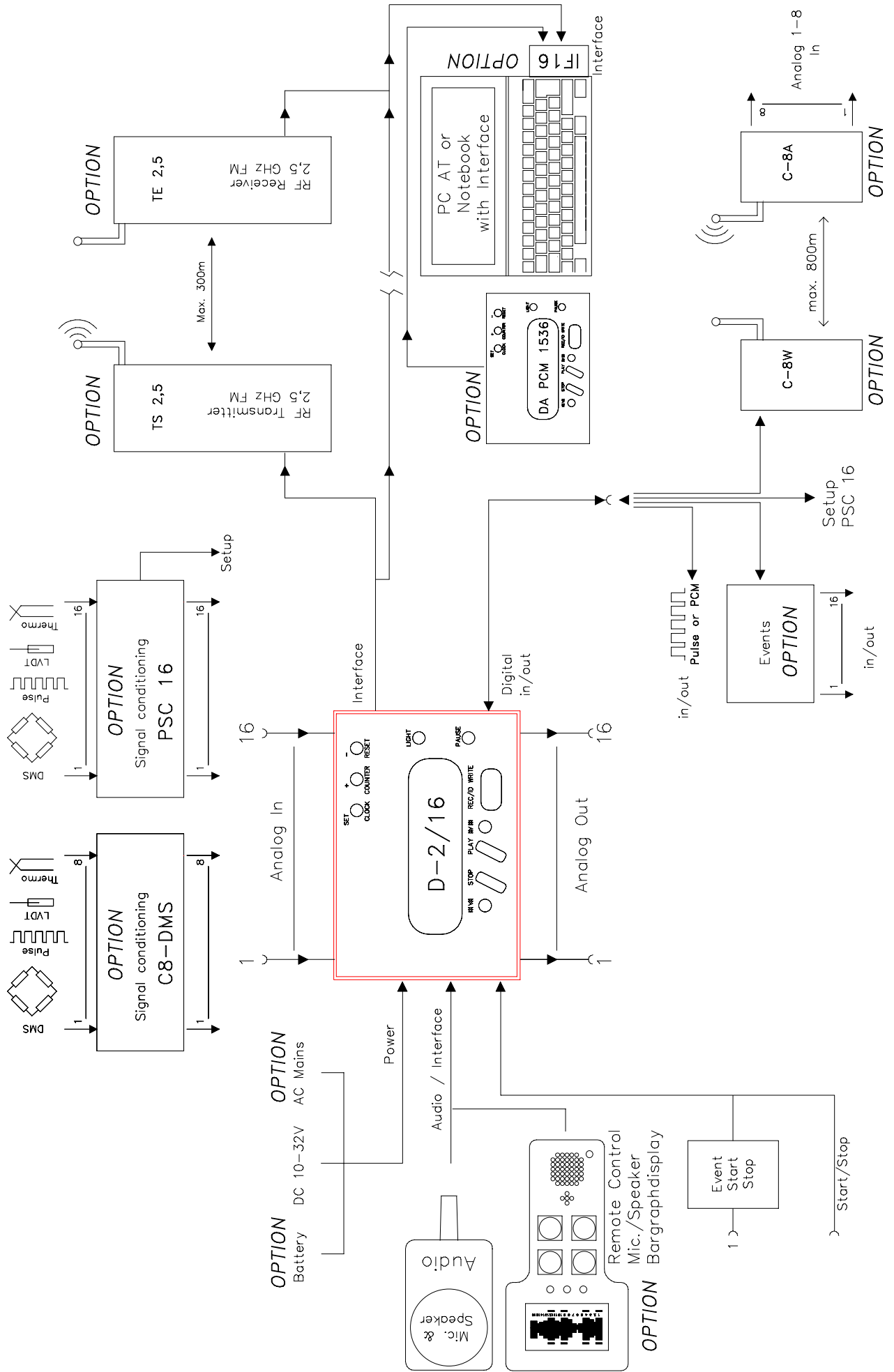


Interface 4 pol. Lemo	
Pin	Signal
1	+5V
2	PCM Data +
3	PCM Data -
4	GND



PWR 7 pol. Tuchel	
Pin	Signal
1	Remote min 15 sec
2	++9-32 V
3	Event min 60 sec.
4	GND
5	-- 9-32 V
6	WRC (write contr.)
7	not connected





ECIA100

PCMCIA Interface

Option



To transfer digital datas via MLab (acquisition software) in PC

